hCNV Community

Standards and protocols for CNV discovery and data exchange



Andrew Stubbs
Antonio Rausell
Krzysztof Poterlowicz
Michael Baudis



hCNV products

- Resource (https://refcnv.org/) : Progenetix cancer CNV reference resource and upcoming refCNV for reference copy number data accessible via Beacon API Michael
- Resource (htsget2Galaxy): FAIR access to GA4GH databases Andrew
- Resource (CNV 2 Galaxy Beacon): integrate rare disease workflow with external data (e.g hCNV from refcnv) and Cancer data in Genomic Beacons. Khaled / Krzys
- Resource: bioinformatics and ML tools for CNV assessment, including a couple of slides opening to non-coding SNVs at the very end (which can be of interest for the rare-disease group even if is beyond the CNV scope). Antonio
- Standards: Beacon, VRS and VCF support for CNV representation and querying

Cancer Genomics Reference Resource

- open resource for oncogenomic profiles
- over 150'000 cancer CNV profiles
- more than 900 diagnostic types
- runs on a Beacon API
- inclusion of reference datasets (e.g. TCGA)
- support for SNV data (TCGA, cell lines...)
- standardized encodings (e.g. NCIt, ICD-O 3)
- identifier mapping for PMID, GEO, Cellosaurus, TCGA, cBioPortal where appropriate
- core clinical data (TNM, sex, survival ...)
- data mapping services







progenet

CNV Profiles by Cancer Type

NCIT Neoplasia Codes

ICD-O Morphologies

ICD-O Organ Sites

TNM & Grade

Search Samples

Data Cohorts

arrayMap

TCGA Cancer Samples cBioPortal Studies

Cancer Cell Lines⁰

Publication DB

Genome Profiling
Progenetix Use

Services

NCIt Mappings
UBERON Mappings

Upload & Plot

OpenAPI Paths and Examples

Beacon*

Documentation

News

Downloads & Use Cases

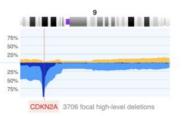
Sevices & API

Cancer genome data @ progenetix.org

The Progenetix database provides an overview of mutation data in cancer, with a focus on copy number abnormalities (CNV / CNA), for all types of human malignancies. The data is based on *individual sample data* of currently 156871 samples from 912 different cancer types (NCIt neoplasm classification)

Local CNV Frequencies &

A typical use case on Progenetix is the search for local copy number aberrations - e.g. involving a gene - and the exploration of cancer types with these CNVs. The [Search Page] provides example use cases for designing queries. Results contain basic statistics as well as visualization and download options.



Cancer CNV Profiles @

Frequency profiles of regional genomic gains and losses for all categories (diagnostic entity, publication, cohort ...) can be accessed through the respective Cancer Types pages with visualization and sample retrieval options. Below is a typical example of the aggregated CNV data in 9087 samples in Lung Non-Small Cell Carcinoma with the frequency of regional copy number gains (high level) and losses (high level) displayed for the 22 autosomes.



Download SVG | Go to NCIT:C2926 | Download CNV Frequencies

Cancer Genomics Publications &

Through the [Publications] page Progenetix provides annotated references to research articles from cancer genome screening experiments (WGS, WES, aCGH, cCGH). The numbers of analyzed samples and possible availability in the Progenetix sample collection are indicated.

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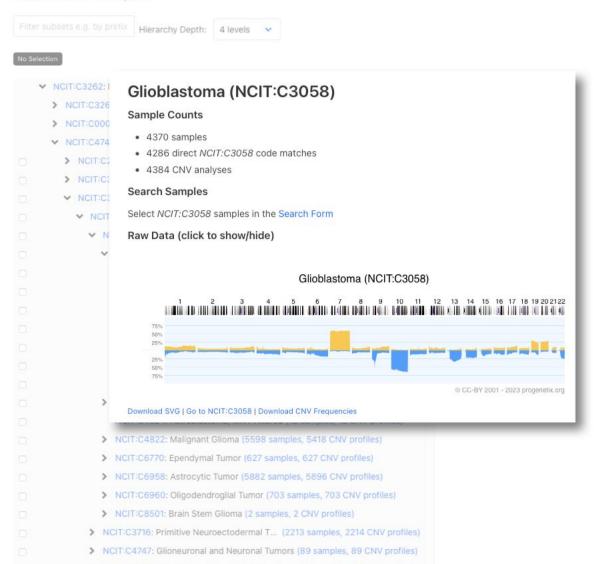




Cancer Types by National Cancer Institute NCIt Code

The cancer samples in Progenetix are mapped to several classification systems. For each of the classes, aggregated date is available by clicking the code. Additionally, a selection of the corresponding samples can be initiated by clicking the sample number or selecting one or more classes through the checkboxes.

Sample selection follows a hierarchical system in which samples matching the child terms of a selected class are included in the response.



NCIT:C6965: Pineal Parenchymal Cell Neoplasm (51 samples, 51 CNV profiles)

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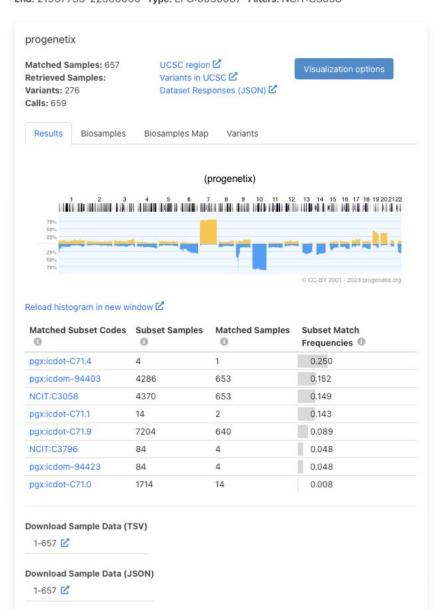






Edit Query

Assembly: GRCh38 **Chro:** refseq:NC_000009.12 **Start:** 21500001-21975098 **End:** 21967753-22500000 **Type:** EFO:0030067 **Filters:** NCIT:C3058



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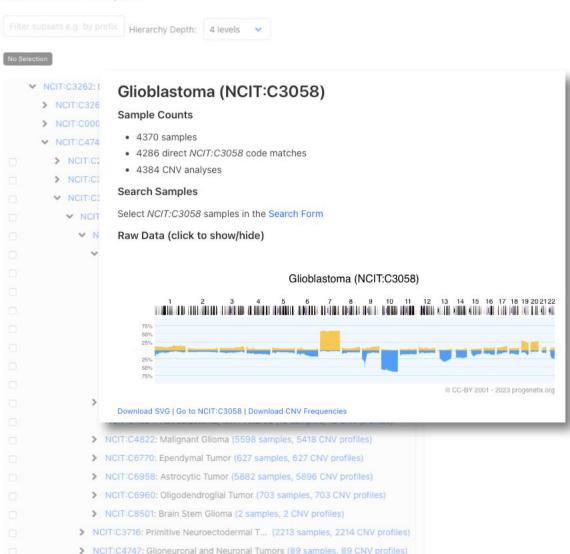




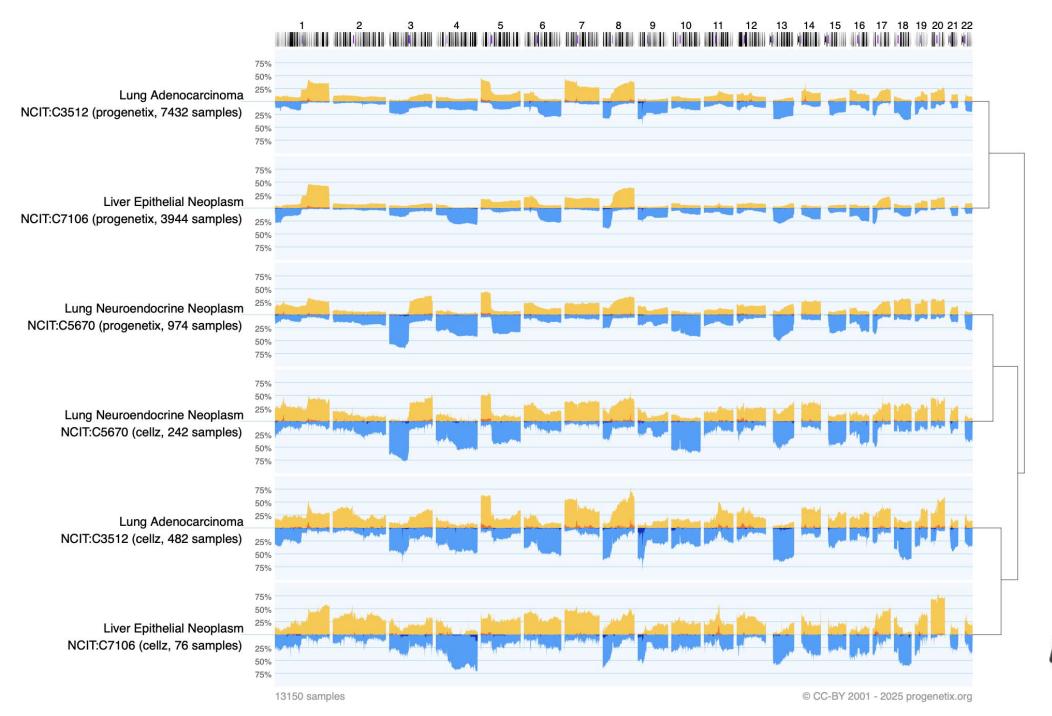
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NCIT:C6965: Pineal Parenchymal Cell Neoplasm (51 samples, 51 CNV profiles)





refCNV Germline CNVs...

- germline CNVs vary widely by genomic background but importantly also by technical assessment
 - sequencing & array
 - bioinformatics workflows
- frequency based information can be misleading
- starting from a benchmarking project (A. Stubbs et al.) we started to do a "non-judgemental" collection w/ technical annotations
- Beacon API, obviously ...



CNV Profiles by Platform

CNV Profiles by Analysis Pipeline

Search Samples

Beacon⁺

Documentation

Baudisgroup @ UZH

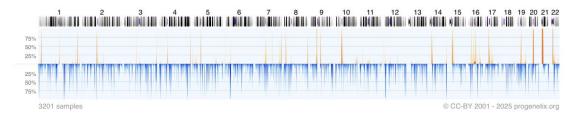
Genomic Copy Number Variation (CNV) data from reference samples



Under Construction

This site is currently under construction, with contributions by groups from the University of Zurich and Erasmus MC. Neither data content nor representation have been finalized. PLEASE DO NOT USE FOR ANY RESEARCH OR REFERENCE PURPOSES!

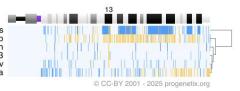
Frequency profiles of regional genomic gains and losses for all categories (diagnostic entity, publication, cohort ...) can be accessed through the respective Cancer Types pages with visualization and sample retrieval options. Below is a typical example of the aggregated CNV data in 3201 samples of the 1000 Genomes Dragen CNV analysis set. The frequency of regional copy number gains (high level) and losses (high level) displayed for the 22 autosomes as occurrence of any of these CNVs in the 1Mb binned intervals.



Download SVG | Go to DRAGEN-CNV | Download CNV Frequencies

The repository contains CNV tracks for many of the 1000 Genomes samples, analyzed by different platforms or data pipelines and therefore allows to compare private analysis data to results from these different call sets, to avoid interpretation biases from using reference data with a different analysis profile from the one used in your study. The plot below shows analysis specific CNV tracks for chromosome 13 in the HG01572 sample from the 1000 Genomes set, for several calling pipelines.

1000 genomes sample - onekgbs-HG01572, onekgcs-HG01572-ens 1000 genomes sample - onekgbs-HG01572, onekgcs-HG01572-qsnp 1000 genomes sample - onekgbs-HG01572, onekgcs-HG01572-dragen onekgbs-HG01572 - onekgbs-HG01572, onekgcs-HG01572-phase3 1000 genomes sample - onekgbs-HG01572, onekgcs-HG01572-pcnv 1000 genomes sample - onekgbs-HG01572, onekgcs-HG01572-ipa



Please be aware that the small size of most CNVs is not correctly represented at this zoom level (overplotting due to limited resolution).

refCNV Germline CNVs...

- germline CNVs vary widely by genomic background but importantly also by technical assessment
 - sequencing & array
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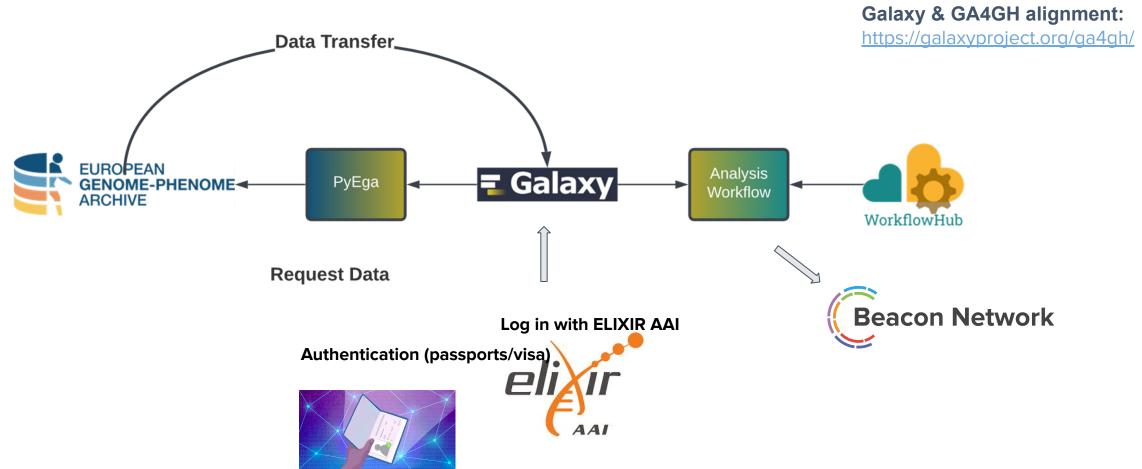
Analysis Pipelines

This page represents samples with analyses from different pipelines.

Analy	rsis Pipelines						
	er subsets e.g. by prefix Hierarchy Depth: 3 levels Velection						
	1000_Genomes_Consortium_Phase_1: 1000_Genomes_Consortium_Phase_1 (1055 samples, 1055 CNV profiles)						
	1000_Genomes_Consortium_Phase_3: 1000_Genomes_Consortium_Phase_3 (2504 samples, 2504 CNV profiles)						
	ADM2: ADM2 (2092 samples, 2092 CNV profiles)						
	Birdseye: Birdseye (270 samples, 270 CNV profiles)						
	Custom HMM algorithm: Custom HMM algorithm (1552 samples, 1552 CNV profiles)						
	DRAGEN-CNV: DRAGEN-CNV (3201 samples, 3201 CNV profiles)						
	ELAND (PEM): ELAND (PEM) (1 sample, 1 CNV profile)						
	HMMSeg: HMMSeg (9 samples, 9 CNV profiles)						
	PEM: PEM (1 sample, 1 CNV profile)						
	VAMP: VAMP (1 sample, 1 CNV profile)						
	era-EnsembleCNV: era-EnsembleCNV (2001 samples, 2001 CNV profiles)						
	era-PennCNV: era-PennCNV (1993 samples, 1993 CNV profiles)						
	era-QuantiSNP: era-QuantiSNP (2001 samples, 2001 CNV profiles)						
	era-iPattern: era-iPattern (1866 samples, 1866 CNV profiles)						
	labelSeg-based calibration: labelSeg-based calibration (16671 samples, 16671 CNV profiles)						
	mrFAST (Read Depth): mrFAST (Read Depth) (3 samples, 3 CNV profiles)						



HTSgetGalaxy: FAIR CLOUD Analysis



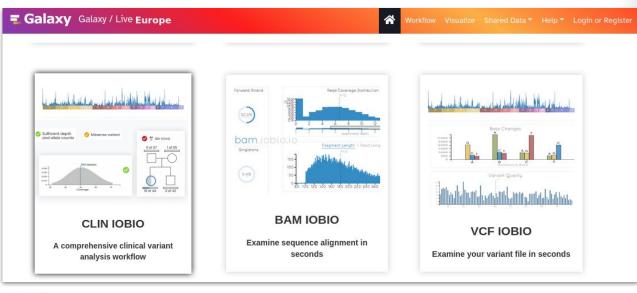


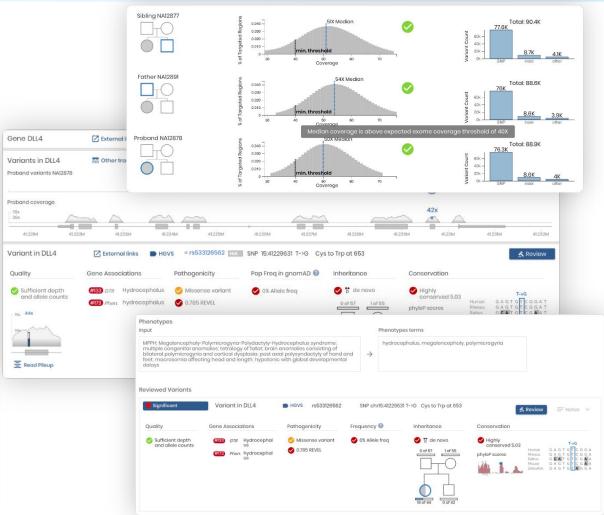




Data analysis & reporting: Galaxy clin.iobio trio analysis

- Galaxy Interactive Tool
- Docker based
- Interactive variant exploration











HTSgetGalaxy: Summary

We have implemented:

- Secure access to GA4GH EGA service using PyEGA3 Galaxy service
- Standard analysis for B1MG synthetic data (Filtering etc...)
- Interactive gene variant detection for trio-analysis with clin.iobio in Galaxy
- Related Galaxy Training Network (GTN)
- Single source of Cancer analysis tooling for scientific community Cancer Galaxy (https://cancer.usegalaxy.eu/)



GigaScience, 2023, 1-6

Erasmus MC

A step towards creating a generalized Omics platform for **FAIR** data analysis



AND REUSEABLE DATA ACCESS FOR GENOMIC ANALYSIS IN GALAXY

Jasper Ouwerkerk¹, Helena Rasche¹, Dylan Spalding², Saskia Hiltermann¹, and Andrew P. Stubbs ¹Erasmus Medical Center, Clinical Bioinformatics Group, Department of Pathology, Rotterdam, The Netherlands ²CSC-IT Center for Science, Espoo, Finland

Figure 1: The pedigree of the case to be analyzed

Created a FAIR trio-analysis workflow in Galaxy.

Global Alliance for Genomics & Health Compliant FAIR

· Implemented PyEGA3 in Galaxy Implemented a new trio-analysis tool, clin.iobio, in

- Galaxy and compared it to the existing tool GEMINI. Built a trio-analysis workflow and tutorial in Galaxy
- Validated workflow on 6 synthetic B1MG use cases

B1MG Family Trio

- · Case 5 out of 6
- · Gender: Female
- · Age: 35 years · Referral: Breast Cancer
- Main Clinical Features:
- Breast carcinoma
 - . Neoplasm of the breas . We found that GEMINI reports 244 false positive

FAIR

- Findable by both machines and humans
- Accessible using a standard open protocol Interoperable so it can easily be processed and analysed Reusable so the data can be understood by anyone and

2 Adoption F EGA



- . Archive for FAIR data Data owners → Data Access Committee
 - Secure Access P PVEGA3





PAPER

Jasper Ouwerkerk^{1,*,†}, Helena Rasche^{1,†}, Dylan Spalding²Saskia Hiltermann_{1,†} and Andrew P. Stubbs¹

Data Access for Genomics in Galaxy

hCNV Galaxy and Nextflow







Galaxy

- Structural genomic variant calling tools with user-friendly interface for running tools and managing data.
- Galaxy is also a powerful platform for developing and sharing bioinformatics workflows deposited in the WorkflowHub.
- Galaxy training network tutorial (slides, hands on, workflows)

nf-core f nextflow

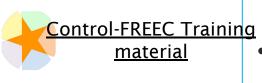
Nextflow

- Nextflow workflows/modules available to be used on a variety of compute platforms, including local machines, clusters, and clouds.
- Nextflow can be used to run hCNV on multiple samples in parallel, which can significantly reduce the amount of time required to analyze a large dataset.

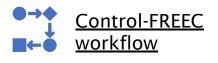


Galaxy Training Network





- Define the specific challenges in locating human Copy Number Variances (hCNVs).
- Show how to pre-process the sequenced reads for hCNVs detection.
- Show an example on using Control-FREEC to detect the hCNVs from cancer dataset.
- Visualise the hCNVs' findings.



 Publish the workflow on Galaxy and Workflow hub to be accessible by the community



Working with Beacon V2: A
Comprehensive Guide to Creating,
Uploading, and Searching for Variants
with Beacons



Overview

Questions:





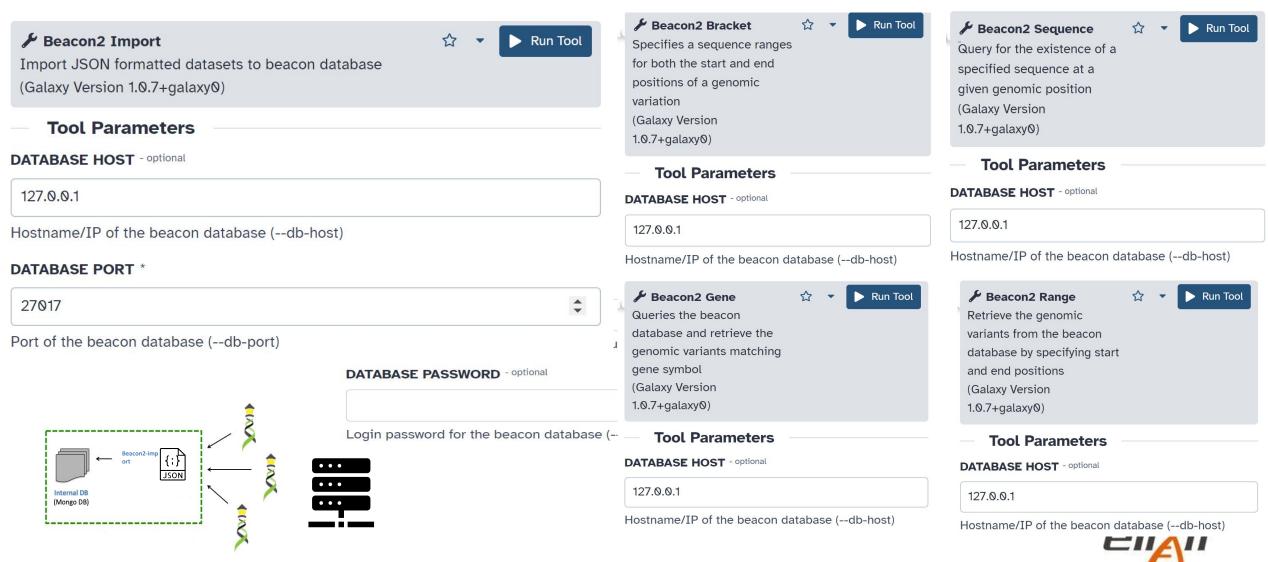
- In what manner can variant data and metadata be readied into a format compatible with Reacons?
- What are the steps involved in importing data into a Beacon seamlessly?
- · How does one perform queries on a Beacon to retrieve information about variants?

Objectives:

- Comprehend the fundamental concepts and applications of Beacons
- Apply skills in utilizing MongoDB to construct and manage Beacons
- Analyze and transform variants and metadata into structures compatible with Beacon requirements
- Execute a step-by-step process to import data into Beacons
- · Develop the ability to query Beacons for variants

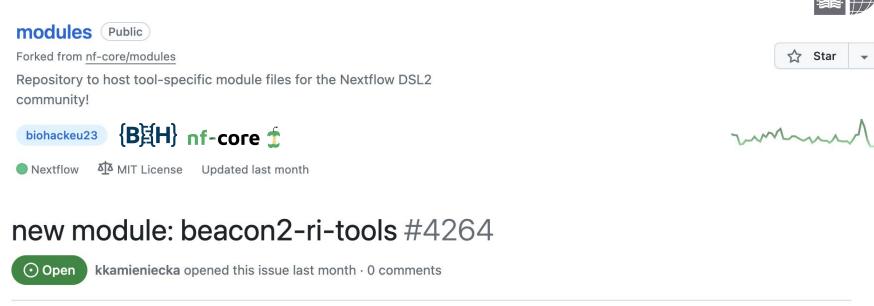
Beacon v2 tools

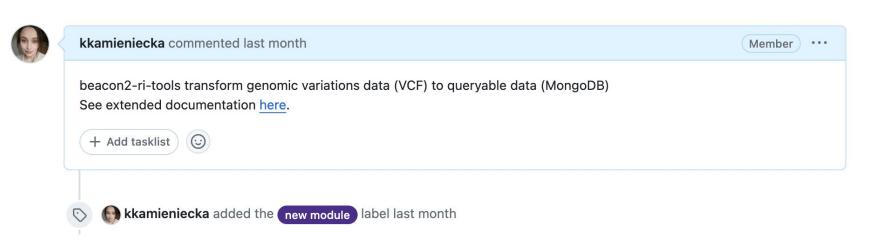




hCNV data analyses with Nextflow modules









bioinformatics and ML tools for CNV assessment

..... Antonio



CNV annotation & Query Standards Development GA4GH VRS & Beacon Scouts

- unambiguous representation and recovery of genomic variation data still represent major problems in large scale genomic studies (meta-analyses and data federated data discovery)
- structural genome variants present additional challenges both on epistemic and technical levels
- GA4GH has emerged as the major driver for standards development and harmonization
- ELIXIR hCNV members contribute to the development and improvement of CNV representation and query options as well as associated vocabularies
 - VCF 4.4+ D and J flags (e.g. indicating dosage w/o locus assignment)
 - EFO relative copy number count term tree
 - VRS v1.3/v2 representation of copyNumberChange and copyNumberCount
 - Beacon query types specifically suited for CNV or "fuzzy location" events





CNV annotation & Query Standards Development GA4GH VRS & Beacon Scouts: CNV Classes

GA4GH VRS1.3+	Beacon	VCF v4.4+	so
EFO:0030070	DUP or EFO:0030070	DUP	SO:0001742
gain		SVCLAIM=D	copy_number_gain
EFO:0030071	DUP or EFO:0030071	DUP	SO:0001742
low-level gain		SVCLAIM=D	copy_number_gain
EFO:0030072	DUP or EFO:0030072	DUP	SO:0001742
high-level gain		SVCLAIM=D	copy_number_gain
EFO:0030072	DUP or EFO:0030073	DUP	SO:0001742
high-level gain		SVCLAIM=D	copy_number_gain
EFO:0030067	DEL or EFO:0030067	DEL	SO:0001743
loss		SVCLAIM=D	copy_number_loss
EFO:0030068	DEL or EFO:0030068	DEL	SO:0001743
low-level loss		SVCLAIM=D	copy_number_loss
EFO:0020073	DEL or EFO:0020073	DEL	SO:0001743
high-level loss		SVCLAIM=D	copy_number_loss
EFO:0030069	DEL or EFO:0030069	DEL	SO:0001743
complete genomic loss		SVCLAIM=D	copy_number_loss



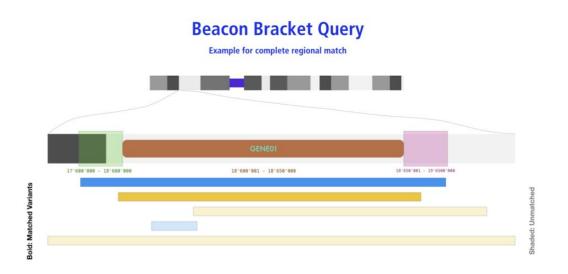
CNV annotation & Query Standards Development Beacon Scouts: CNV Queries

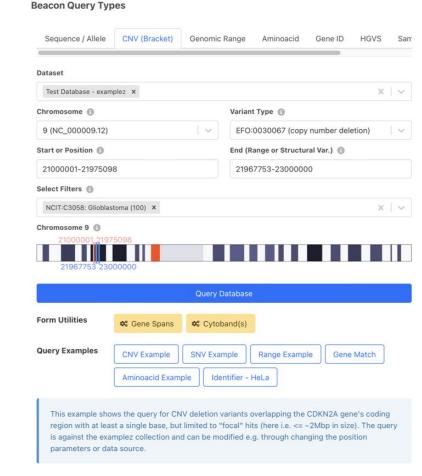


Variation Queries

Bracket ("CNV") Query

- defined through the use of 2 start, 2 end
- any contiguous variant...









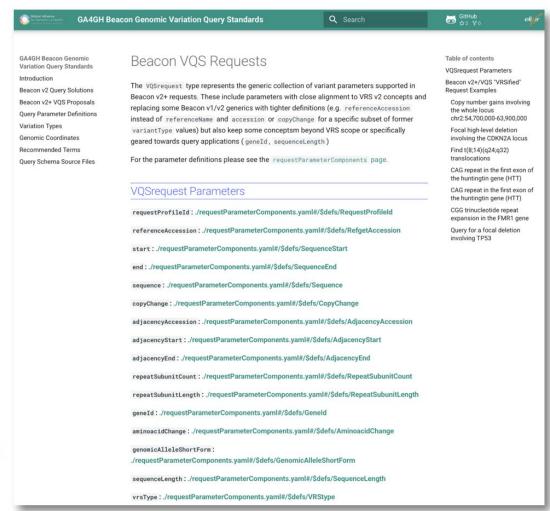


CNV annotation & Query Standards Development Beacon Scouts: Moving Ahead

Beacon Scouts

Finding the Paths to Beacon's Future

- Genomic Variation Scouts
 - extension to the query model based on assessed needs
 - fusions/breakpoints, cytogenetic annotations, repeats, categorical variants...
 - adoption of evolving VRS... standards for variant representation
 - adjacency, repeats...
 - re-use of parameters where clear (e.g.
 sequenceLength instead of variantMinLength
 + variantMaxLength)

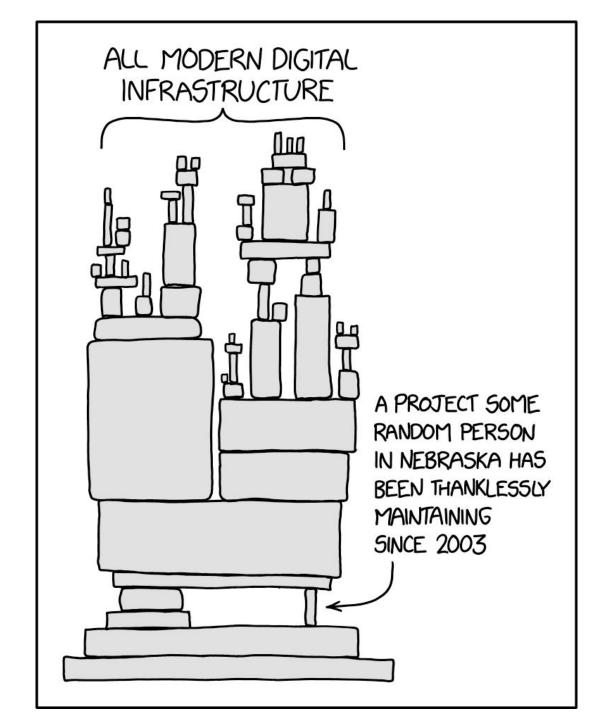








Contribute
Participate
Exchange
Maintain













h-CNV Community Homepage & News

About ...

h-CNV Projects **CNV Annotation Standards**

Databases & Resources

CNV References Project

Contacts

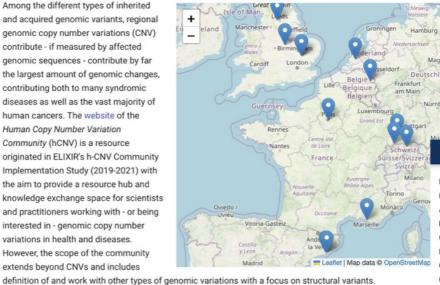
Genome Blog

h-CNV @ ELIXIR

Beacon Project

ELIXIR Human Copy Number Variation community

Among the different types of inherited and acquired genomic variants, regional genomic copy number variations (CNV) contribute - if measured by affected genomic sequences - contribute by far the largest amount of genomic changes, contributing both to many syndromic diseases as well as the vast majority of human cancers. The website of the Human Copy Number Variation Community (hCNV) is a resource originated in ELIXIR's h-CNV Community Implementation Study (2019-2021) with the aim to provide a resource hub and knowledge exchange space for scientists and practitioners working with - or being interested in - genomic copy number variations in health and diseases. However, the scope of the community extends beyond CNVs and includes



ELIXIR hCNV Community

https://cnvar.org/

CNV Annotation Formats

Q Search





h-CNV Community Homepage & News

h-CNV Projects **CNV Annotation Standards**

Databases & Resources

CNV References Project

Contacts

Genome Blog h-CNV @ ELIXIR

Beacon Project



CNV Term Use Comparison in Computational (File/Schema) Formats

This table is maintained in parallel with the Beacon v2 documentation.

EFO .	Beacon	VCF	so	GA4GH VRS ¹	Notes
EFO:8838878 copy number gain	DUP ² or EFO:0030070	DUP SYCLAIM=D 3	S0:8881742 copy_number_gain	EF0:8838878 gain	a sequence alteration whereby the copy number of a given genomic region is greater than the reference sequence
EFO:8838871 low- level copy number gain	DUP ² or EFO:0030071	DUP SYCLAIM=D 3	S0:0001742 copy_number_gain	EF0:8838871 low- level gain	
EFO:0030072 high- level copy number gain	DUP ² or EF0:0030072	DUP SVCLAIM=D 3	S0:8881742 copy_number_gain	EF0:0030072 high-level gain	commonly but not consistently used for >=5 copies on a bi-allelic genome region
EFO:0030073 focal genome amplification	DUP ² or EFO:0030073	DUP SVCLAIM=D ³	S0:8881742 copy_number_gain	EF0:0030072 high-level gain ⁴	commonly but not consistently used for >=5 copies on a bi-allelic genome region, o limited size (operationally max. 1-5Mb)
EF0:8838867 copy number loss	DEL ² or EFO:0030067	DEL SVCLAIM=D 3	S0:8881743 copy_number_loss	EF0:0030067 loss	a sequence alteration whereby the copy number of a given genomic region is smaller than the reference sequence
EFO:0030068 low- evel copy number loss	DEL ² or EFO:0030068	DEL SYCLAIM=D ³	S0:8881743 copy_number_loss	EF0:0030068 low- level loss	
EF0:0020073 high- level copy number loss	DEL ² or EFO:8020073	DEL SVCLAIM=D ³	S0:0001743 copy_number_loss	EF0:8020073 high-level loss	a loss of several copies; also used in cases where a complete genomic deletion canno be asserted



Thank you





www.elixir-europe.org

